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Lipid Dysregulation in seminal and follicular fluids could affect gonadal response

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INTRODUCTION

Human Reproduction, Vol.25, No.2 pp. 308–316, 2010 Advanced Access publication on November 25, 2009 doi:10.1093/humrep/dep416

ORIGINAL ARTICLE Andrology

Increased lipid peroxidation and abnormal fatty acid profiles in seminal and blood plasma of normozoospermic males from infertile couples

I. Oborna^{1,4}, G. Wojewodka², J.B. De Sanctis³, H. Fingerova¹, M. Svobodova¹, J. Brezinova¹, M. Hajduch¹, J. Novotny¹, L. Radova¹, and D. Radzioch² Human Reproduction, Vol.29, No.11 pp. 2522–2529, 2014 Advanced Access publication on September 29, 2014 doi:10.1093/humrep/deu249

human reproduction ORIGINAL ARTICLE Reproductive endocrinology

Lipid profiles and ovarian reserve status: a longitudinal study

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human

reproduction

Endocrinology & Metabolism International Journal

Lipid Dysregulation in Seminal and Follicular Fluids could be Related with Male and Female Infertility

In conclusion, altered sperm parameters and low ovarian reserve are associated with elevated triglycerides and fatty acids in seminal plasma and ovarian follicular fluid. Gamete maturation within this lipid-rich environment is detrimental to spermatozoa and oocytes. Volume 6 Issue 1 - 2018

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²Galicia Sur Health Research Institute, Spain ³Hospital Virgen de la Luz, Spain Our objective was to obtain, through principal component analysis (PCA), a lipid profile in seminal plasma and follicular fluid that reflects the effect of lipid metabolism on the gonadal response, regardless of age and BMI.

METHODOLOGY



The parameters used to assess gonadal response were number of motile spermatozoa and number of oocytes in metaphase II.

- In order to clarify the relationship between the plasmatic and the gonadal lipid levels with the reproductive efficacy, we use Pearson correlation.
- We use Principal Components Analysis to reduce the information on the previous nine lipids variables into a small set of only three new variables or principal components that still contains most of the initial information, and we cross them again with reproductive results using Pearson correlation.

An ultimate test without confounding effect of age and obesity was carried out using a multivariate linear regression model.



Cholesterol, triglycerides and NEFA concentration in serum and FF.



Cholesterol, triglycerides and NEFA concentration in serum and semen.



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Correlation between the lipid profile in seminal fluid and motile spermatozoa recovered.



Correlation between the lipid profile in follicular fluid and metaphase II oocytes recovered.



- This study highlights a significant influence of the lipid profile in follicular fluid and seminal plasma on the gonadal response. The effect can be observed on seminal production in the case of men and follicular response to hormonal stimulation in the case of women.
- The gonadal lipid profile is the only variable analyzed that maintains a statistical significance independent to the rest of the covariates (age and BMI), something that does not happen with the plasma lipid profile.
- These findings can lead to improvements in fertility assessment by the addition of lipid screening.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH